Non-thermal regimes of laser annealing of semiconductor nanostructures

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Although amorphous semiconductor nanomaterials (SNMs) are widely used in various fields of science and technology [1, 2], their crystalline forms often exhibit physical and chemical properties much more suitable for many applications [3, 4]. Specifically, highly ordered layers of anodic TiO_2 nanotubes of crystalline anatase form attract considerable attention in the fields of solar energy harvesting, photocatalysis, and sensing [5]. Thus, there is need for techniques which enable reliable and reproducible crystallization of amorphous semiconductor nanomaterials, often locally and selectively, to fabricate high-quality products.

In this talk, we will present the results of laser-induced crystallization of TiO_2 nanotube layers using high-power UV (258 nm) ~1 ps pulsed laser built at HiLASE Center. To understand the mechanisms of the achieved laser-induced transformations, we involve concepts of non-equilibrium ultrafast processes such as explosive crystallization induced by laser-generated stress waves and ultrafast laser melting [6]. The requirements for the laser parameters to induce crystallization without damaging material morphology will also be discussed.

References:

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